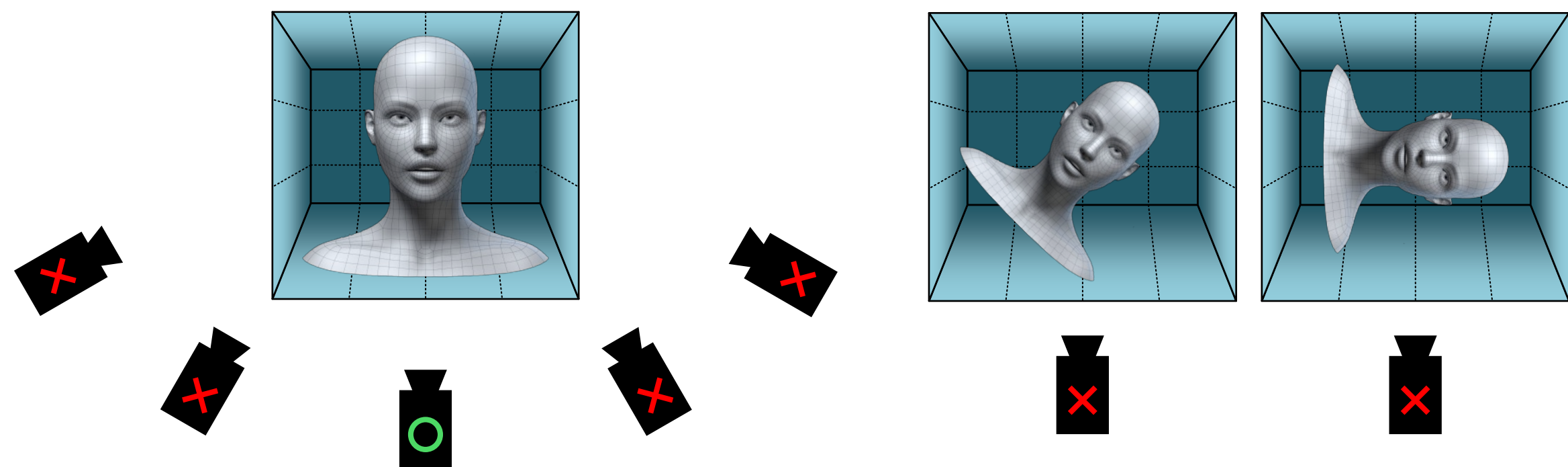


A Low-Power CNN-Based Face Recognition Processor with Face Alignment for Mobile User Identification

S. Kang, J. Lee, C. Kim, and H-J. Yoo (KAIST)

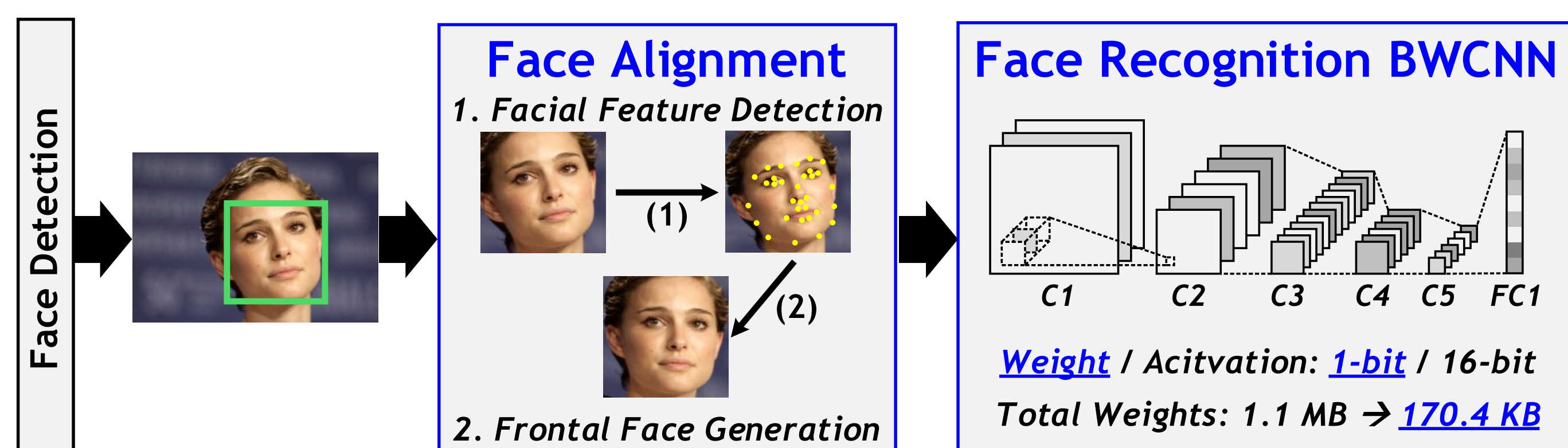
Motivation

- Face Recognition w/ Pose Variance

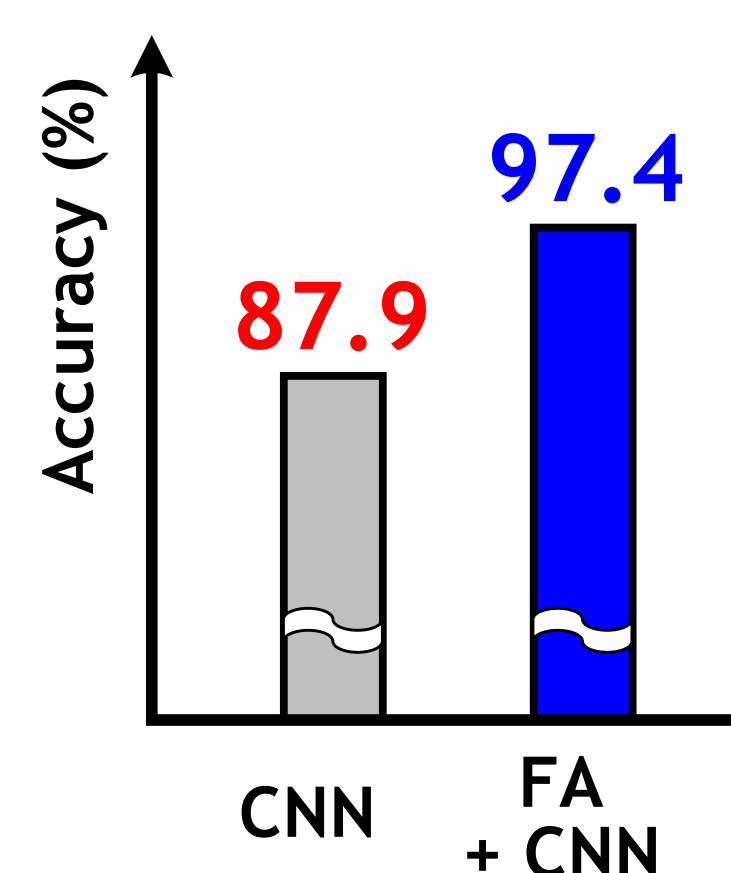
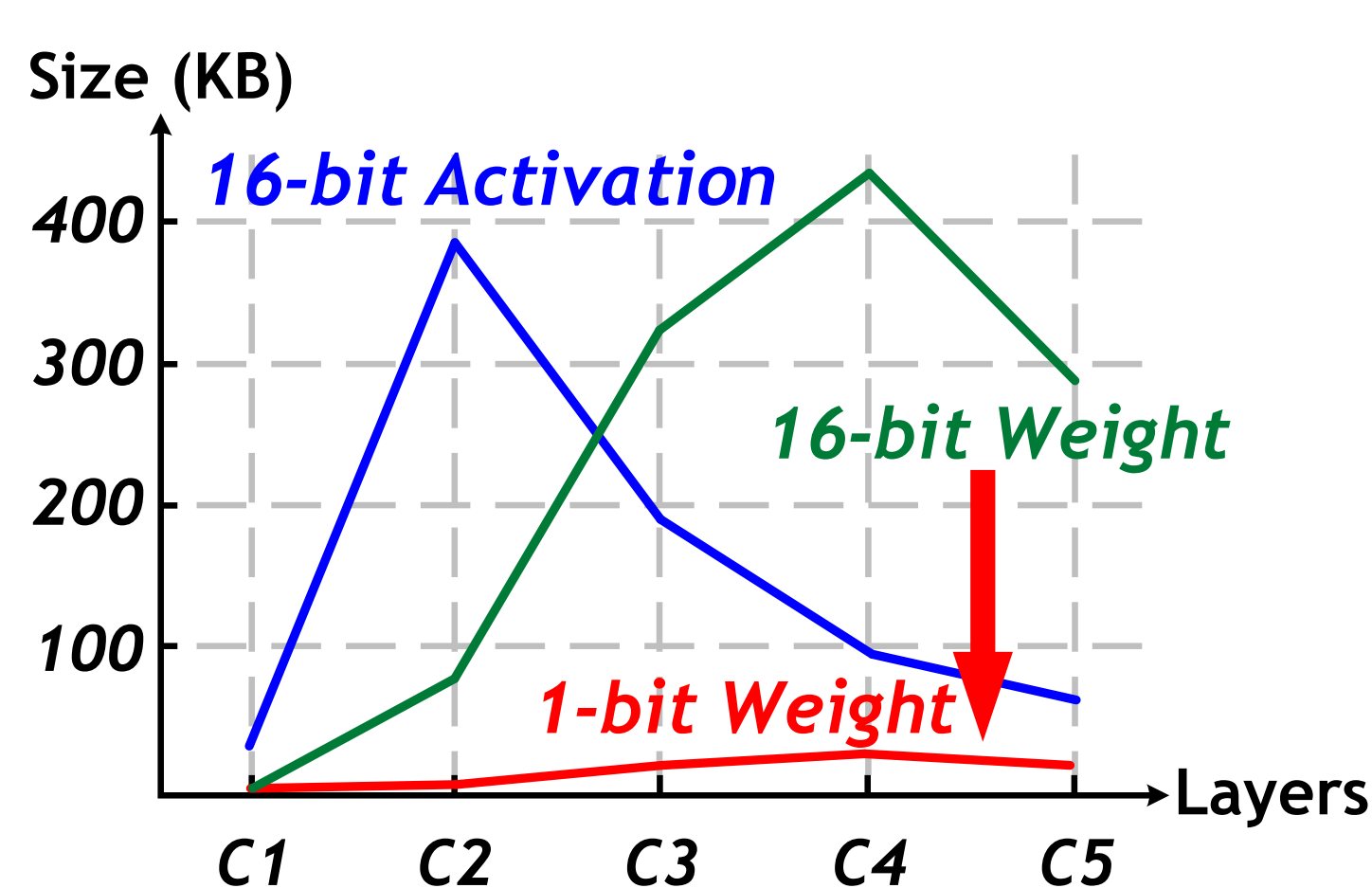


→ CNN recognition fails from **different position / angle!**

- Proposed Face Recognition System

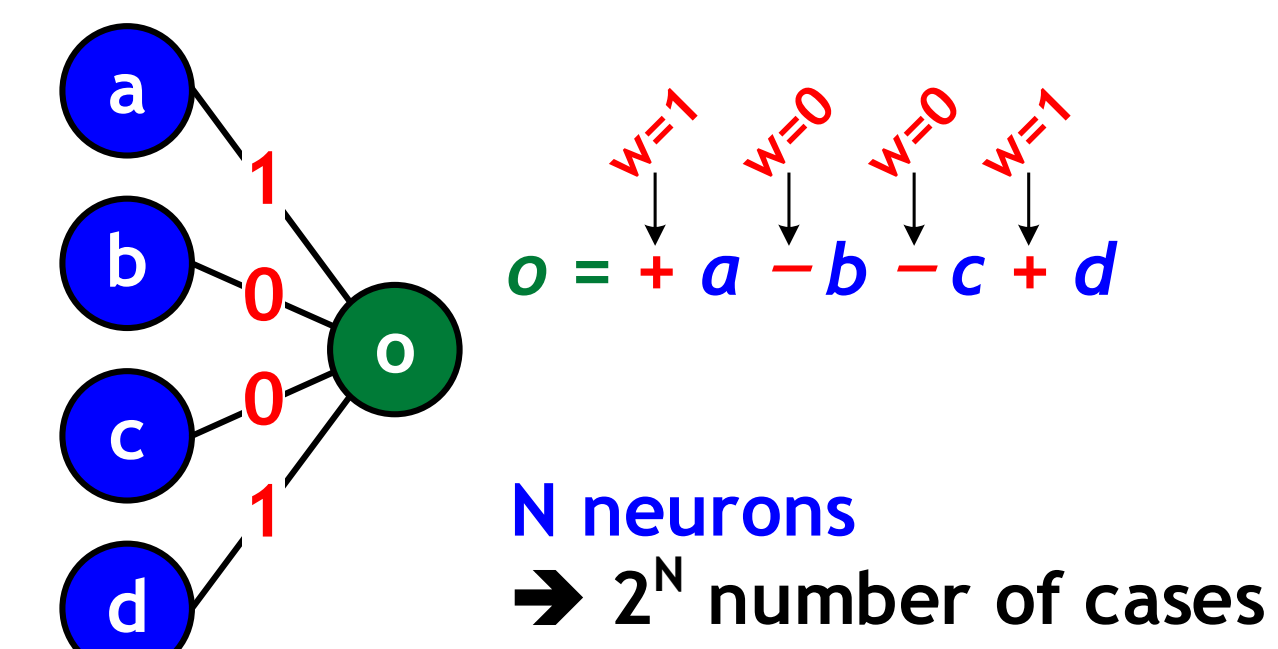


- BWCNN Data Pattern

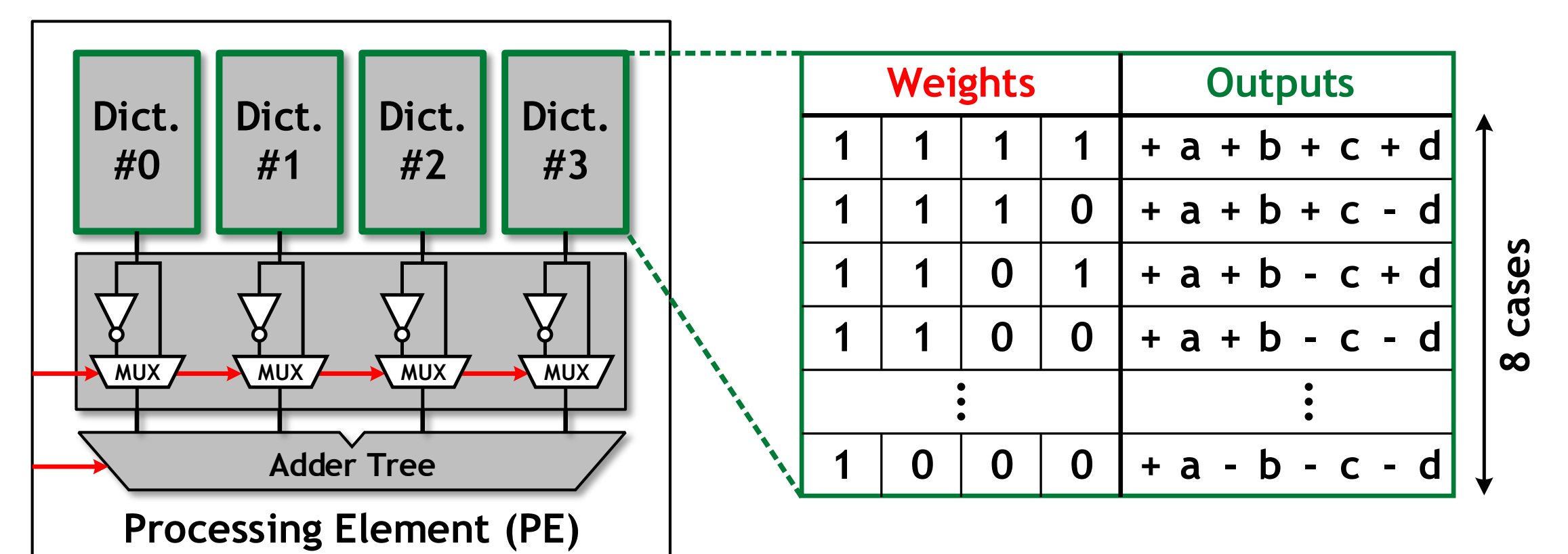


Binary Convolution Core

- Dictionary-Based Processing Element (PE)

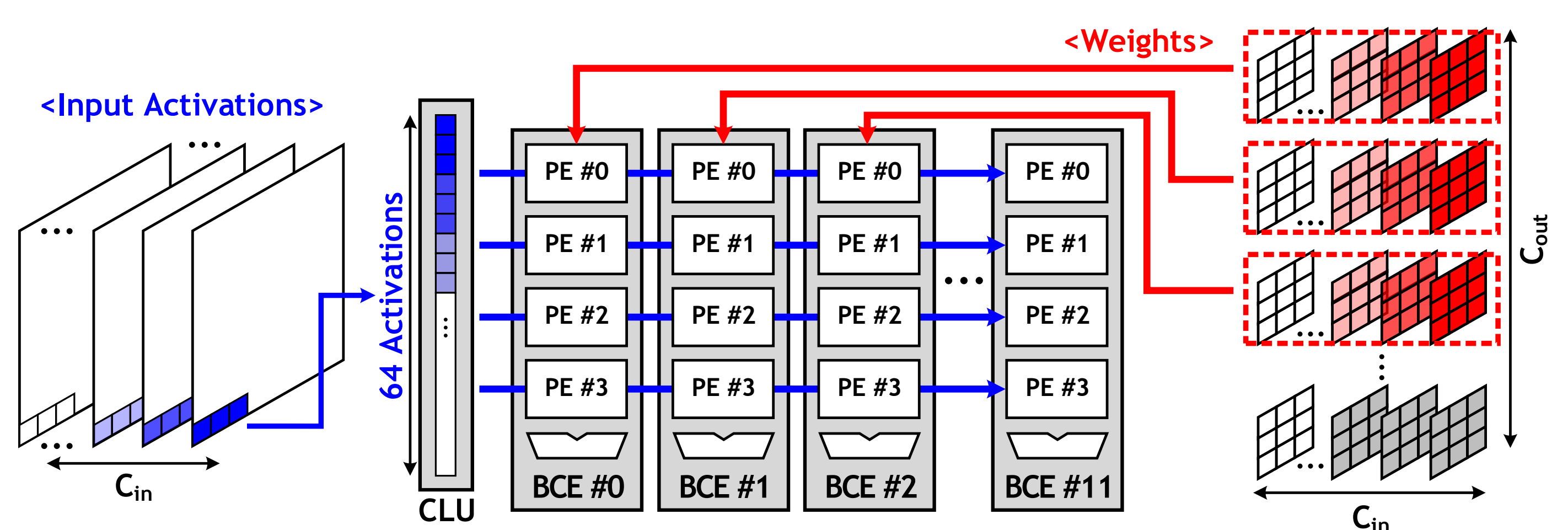


<1-bit Weight MAC>



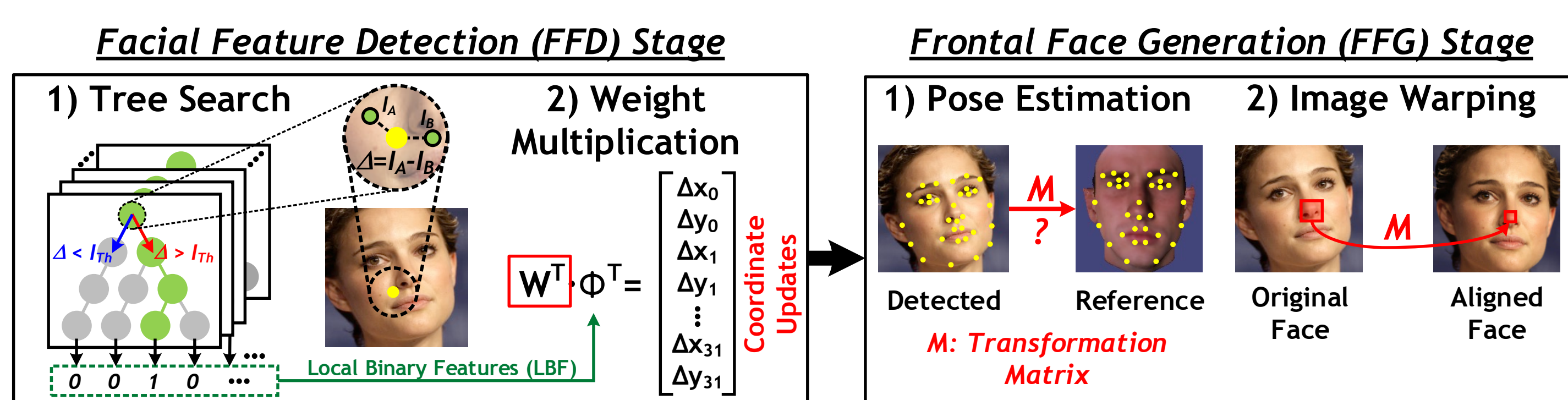
→ **54% energy reduction** compared to conventional MAC unit

- CNN Mapping to Binary Convolution Core

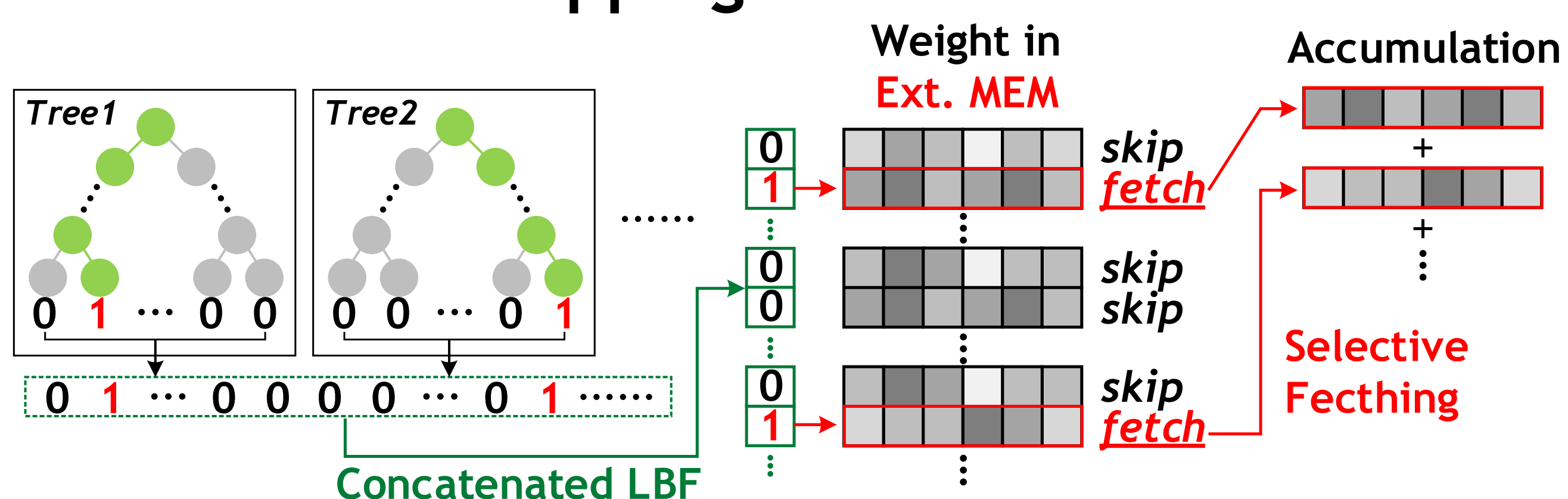


Face Alignment Core

- Face Alignment Algorithm

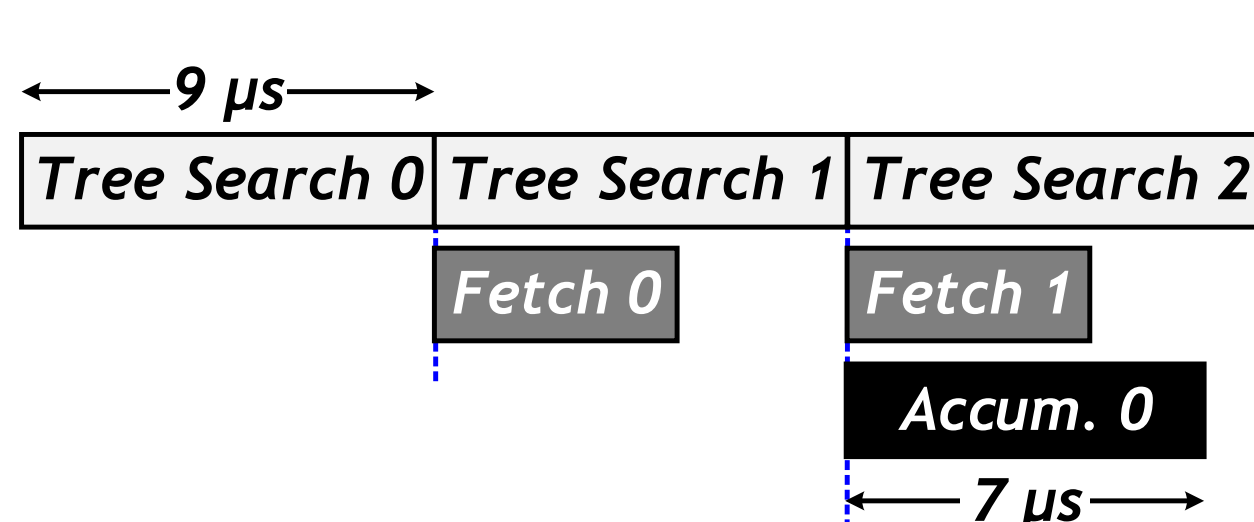


- Zero-Aware Skipping



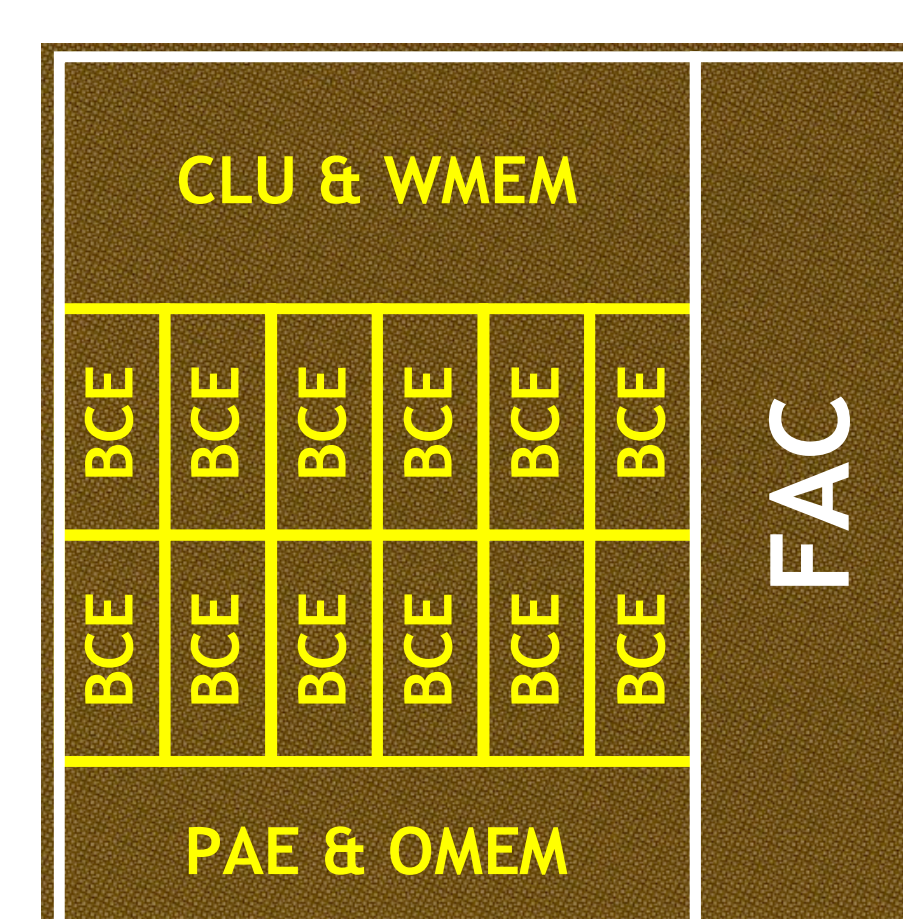
→ **93.8% external memory access reduction**

- Tree-Level Pipeline



→ **60% throughput increase**

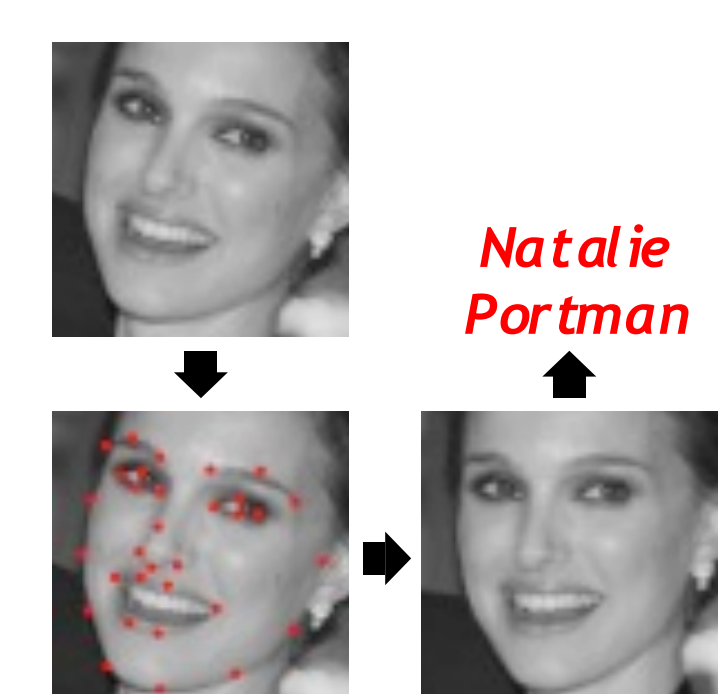
Verification



Specification	
Technology	65 nm Logic CMOS
Die Area	1784×1784 μm ²
SRAM	56 KB
Supply Voltage	0.66 V - 1.2 V
Frequency	5 MHz - 100 MHz
FR Framerate	1 fps
FR Power Consumption	0.2 mW @ (0.66 V, 5 MHz)
CNN Power Efficiency	13.6 TOPS/W @ (0.66 V, 5 MHz)

- Face Recognition BWCNN Performance

Layers	Kernel Size	Input Size	In/Out Channels	Latency [ms]
Conv 1	5×5	128	1/48	23
Conv 2	3×3	64	48/96	81
Conv 3	3×3	32	96/192	58
Conv 4	3×3	16	192/128	19
Conv 5	3×3	16	128/128	12
FC1	-	8	128/256	1
Total	Avg. Power	0.53 mW	196	



- Verification System

